

# Scheme of a Lottery, Founding a College in Baltimore.

Prizes.	Blanks.	Not two to a Prize.
20,000	is	40,000
10,000		30,000
5,000		15,000
2,500		5,000
1,000		10,000
500		7,500
200		4,000
100		5,000
50		5,000
20		4,000
15		32,500
12		42,000

Prizes. } Not two to a Prize.  
Blanks. }  
above Prizes the following are stationary:

Prize.	Ticket.
1000	500
2000	500
3000	500
4000	500
5000	500
6000	500
7000	500
8000	500
9000	500
10000	500
11000	1000
12000	1000
13000	1000
14000	1000
15000	1000
16000	1000
17000	1000
18000	1000
19000	1000
20000	1000
21000	1000

above Lottery commences drawing on Monday in November next, and will continue regularly at the rate of fifteen tickets each week until finished. In the late New-York and Baltimore, taken in payment for tickets in correct list of the drawing will be read two or three times a week, and all sold by the subscriber examined free of charge.

For sale by Robert Gray.

## A further Proof

of Yarwood's useful Washing Machine. The subscribers have found, on trial, that Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine answers fully the intended purpose of washing cloths of every description, and do here commend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloths. Given up our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)   
Prothera Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Am. Warren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Do. Rebecca Hattersley, Vain de Brown, Beth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Lidd, Anna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Ellen Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsen, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall, Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffery, Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah B. Senay, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Beth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Duffery, Mary Bogan, Mary Slade, Betsey Fure, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Janney.   
I pleasure I do return my sincere thanks to the above named ladies, and many others who have favored me with their certificates in the purchase of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine. I find them still in demand in this place, but finding a very scarcity of plank to answer the purpose of making them here, I shall in a few days commence making them to the satisfaction of all. But will endeavor to supply others at a notice after my return. I have a few made on hand, which can be had if applied for soon.

Wm. C. Newton, Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

Wm. C. NEWTON.

## DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE YARWOOD'S Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel half full of your finest hot suds up to the side planks, turn the back wheels and forwards so as to make the cloths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then the same suds with a little more soap, and water for the next finest cloths, until they are unfit for use, then second your cloths the same way with boiling suds, after which a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloths; then rinse them in the machine in cold water.

# Alexandria DAILY Gazette,



# Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1809.

2610.

## Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday, WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.   
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day. All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

## THE INTRIGUES

OF   
The Queen of Spain   
WITH THE   
Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Patriot, who alone can be acquainted with the intrigues and amors of the above personages.

For sale by   
Cottom & Stewart.

## FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to furnish butchers and others, Pasturage on our island, for any number of cattle not exceeding 100.

Philip Alexander, John Luke.

## FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,   
Malaga Raisins in kegs,   
Mulcatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO,   
35 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

## TO HIRE.

By the month or year,   
A Negro Man, a sailor. He will be hired low if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

## FOR SALE.

50 hogheads SUGAR,   
100 bags COFFEE,   
10 hogheads Antigua RUM,   
40 boxes best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

## TO RENT.

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near to good water. Apply to

James Sanderfon.

Joseph Mandeville,   
CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,   
Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CIGARS warranted of the very first quality and full contents.

Real Macdouba Snuff,   
Knappe do, Coarse and Fine,   
20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,   
20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st and 2d quality.

HE HAS ALSO,   
A General Assortment as usual of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCERIES for sale.

## NOTICE.

BENJAMIN DULANY, sen. esq. having by his indenture of assignment, dated the eighth day of the present month, conveyed to me all his estate, real, personal and mixed, except the Bank Stock and money in deposit now standing in his name, in trust for certain purposes therein mentioned. This is therefore to give notice to all tenants and others holding property under lease or otherwise, from, or belonging to the said Benjamin Dulany, sen. esq. or who are in any wise indebted to him, that he or they are hereafter to pay and account for the same, to me only or my order.

Daniel F. Dulany, Im.

## PRIME NEW YORK P O R K,

FOR SALE BY   
Trueman Brashears.

August 26.

## JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

One elegant London made Parent PIANO FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pedal.   
One plain do. with additional Keys and Pedal.

ON HAND,   
One plain home-made do. a little used.

## MOLASSES.

20 hogheads RETAILING MOLASSES, for sale by   
Joseph Mandeville,   
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

## ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.   
It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jr.

September 14.

John G. Ladd,   
Has just received and offers for sale,   
30 cheffs Imperial and Young   
Hyson Teas, of the ship Arthur's cargo imported in June last.

ALSO,   
2 pipes & half pipes choice   
old Port Wine.   
10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.   
200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22

## MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,   
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity.

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

Just Received, and now offered for sale,   
A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats, viz.

Orange Peel,   
Mamey Apple,   
Pine Apple,   
Ginger.   
Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.   
Tamarinds.   
Excellent Lemons in boxes.   
Limes, and Oranges.   
Smoked and pickled Salmon.   
Souds and Tongues.   
Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.

Thos. Patten.

August 22.

## A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULAN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

Sept 11.

## Wanted to Purchase or Hire, A GOOD MALE COOK.

Apply the Printer.

## Baltimore College Lottery.

On Monday the 2d day of Oct. tickets will advance in price to Eleven Dollars.

Present price, whole Tickets 10 50   
Half do. 5 50   
Quarter do. 3 00

For sale by   
R. Gray.

September 23.

## JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has   
Recommended the Grocery Business,   
At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,   
A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,   
Warranted genuine, particularly his   
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,   
Which are of a superior quality. He will dispense of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2. dtd.

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust dated on the third day of September, 1807, from John Bogue to himself, Ludwell Lee and Charles Alexander, will, on TUESDAY, the 14th of November next, at four o'clock of that day, at the tavern of Benjamin Thornton, in the town of Leesburg, & county of Loudoun, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for ready money,   
A Tract of Land,   
in the county of Loudoun, on the north side of the main road from Leesburg to Alexandria, and about one quarter of a mile to the eastward of Goose Creek, containing 114 acres, which land is in the possession of the said John Bogue, or so much thereof as will pay the expenses of the sale and the sum of 143 dollars and 33 cents, with interest due by the said Bogue to Mrs. Frances Alexander, administratrix of Charles Alexander, esquire, deceased, and the further sum of 286 dollars and 66 cents, with interest thereon, due to the heirs of the said Charles Alexander.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

September 19.

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from Mr. Zachariah Gardner's mill, on Accotink, on Monday last a negro man, named JACK, calls himself Jack Moreton, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 25 or 26 years of age, well made and black, marked in the face with the small pox, has a scar on one of his eye brows nearly an inch across, and as well as recollected it is on the right one—his right thumb has received a wound in the second joint, and as well as recollected the middle finger of the left hand has been cut off near the root of the nail, he hangs his head when spoken to—his clothing not recollected. I will give the above reward for apprehending and securing said runaway so that I get him again, and reasonable charges if brought home.

Wm. Holliday.

October 5.

## FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, where Captain James Dencile formerly resided, near Fairfax court house, containing about 206 acres, whereon Mr. WALTER Low lives—he has rented it for the next year for one hundred dollars per year. Possession will be given next Christmas come a year.

ALSO,   
A tract of LAND in Fauquier county, adjoining the Thoroughfare Mill Tract, on the west side of the Bull Run Mountain, whereon I now live, containing between 4 and 500 acres as good a farm as any in the county, the best meadows in the county, with a good young orchard and good new dwelling house. It is unnecessary to say any more about the above lands, as it is supposed that no person will purchase without viewing the premises. Possession will be given the place I live on next new year's day.

James Gunnell.

Fauquier County, Oct. 1—2. 21st Dec

## LANDING

From on board the schr. Midas, capt. Brown, and for Sale by   
Lawrason & Fowle,

90 bbls. mess. No. 1 and No. 2, Reef,   
10 do. No. 1, Pork,   
18 do. Tanners' Oil,   
40 boxes Cod Fish, and   
100 do. Brown Soap.

## For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The above SCHOONER,   
Burthen about 900 barrels, an excellent vessel, and in complete order. Apply as above.

October 6. dtd

## FOR SALE, A NEGRO WOMAN.

SHE is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer, and will be sold low for cash or on a short credit. Apply to Printheater.

Sept. 30.

## NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,   
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR   
ALMANAC,   
For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calculations, a variety of useful and entertaining matter.

ALSO,   
GERMAN ALMANACS,   
For 1810.

For sale by the Gross, Dozen, or single one.

October 10.

## Public Sale.

On SATURDAY next, the 14th instant, will be offered for sale, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on a liberal credit,   
A House and Lot, now occupied by Captain M. Namara, situate on Fairfax street, near the Mall. The house has lately been repaired and put in good order, and the lot is well enclosed. For further particulars apply to

P. G. Marsteller.   
Josias M. Speake.

October 9. dtd

## PUBLIC SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at half past eleven o'clock, will be offered for sale, to the highest bidder,   
A Lot of Ground, on Fairfax-street, adjoining Mr. John Hunter's, 36 feet 1 inch front, running back 103 feet 5 inches to a 20 foot alley—one third to be cash, the balance at three and six months, with approved endorsed notes negotiable at either of the banks.

P. G. Marsteller.

October 10. dtd

## PUBLIC SALE.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 11th instant, at half past 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the late dwelling of Jonathan Mandeville,   
All the Personal Estate of the deceased, consisting of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE.   
And, at the same time and place will be sold,   
All the Stock of GOODS in the store of the said deceased.

John Mandeville, Adm'r.   
P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

October 6. dtd

## 505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of LAND, situated near the road leading from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about an equal distance from each town.   
This property is fully one half covered with wood, which will render it an advisable purchase, on the terms that I will sell it.   
GEORGE H. TENNETT, Esq. will shew the land to any gentleman who wishes to see it, and will give me information thereof.

George H. Chapman.

October 4. dtd

## PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.



**Alexandria Daily Gazette,**  
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
**SAMUEL SNOWDEN,**  
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.  
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12.

**TO MY DAUGHTER,**

*On being separated from her on her Marriage.*

DEAR to my heart as life's warm stream,  
Which animates this mortal clay,  
For thee I court the waking dream  
And deck with smiles the future day;  
And thus beguile the present pain  
With hopes that we shall meet again.

Yet will it be as when the past,  
Twin'd every joy and care, and thought,  
And o'er our minds one mantle cast,  
Of kind affections finely wrought—  
Ah no! the groundless hope were vain,  
For so we ne'er can meet again.

May he who claims thy tender heart,  
Deserve its love, as I have done,  
For kind and gentle as thou art,  
If so below'd thou'rt fairly won—  
Bright may the sacred torch remain,  
And cheer thee till we meet again.

*From the New York Evening Post.*  
THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

No. XVI.  
"Proofs of the corruption of gen. James  
Wilkinson and of his connection with Aaron  
Burr," &c.

Yet I admit that a letter written to another  
is not in itself complete evidence of guilt in  
the person to whom it is addressed. A con-  
trary doctrine would put any innocent man  
in the power of the first villain, who chose  
to write to him in the style of an associate.  
To judge of the weight of such evidence,  
we must examine the previous connexion of  
the parties, the motives that might have ac-  
tuated the writer, and, above all, the con-  
duct of the party on receiving the communi-  
cation. If we should in the prior corres-  
pondence discover no mystery, no evidence  
of a previous knowledge of the plan—if the  
writer could be supposed to have an interest  
in endeavoring to implicate his correspon-  
dent—and if the party receiving this propo-  
sition made a full and immediate disclosure,  
was guilty of no evasion or prevarication in  
his account of it—I confess that I should  
think it unjust on such evidence to condemn.  
Let us then fairly test the conduct of gen.  
Wilkinson by these rules.

1st. His previous knowledge of the plan.  
This may be fairly inferred from his en-  
gagement in a similar scheme under the  
Spanish government, and is fully proved  
by the mysterious correspondence, which  
is even now refused to be produced; by his  
acknowledgment under oath, that it was  
calculated to implicate him, by his con-  
fession that he had written to Burr that he  
would be ready before him. Ready for what?  
Why for a plan, of which, according  
to gen. Wilkinson, he knew nothing.  
And, finally, by his own letters to me, to  
general Adair, and to col. McKee.

2d. What motive could Mr. Burr have  
had in writing such a letter, if the general  
were ignorant of his plans, and if he had  
not sanctioned them? Would a conspirator  
who is generally supposed to have been a  
man not deficient in understanding, have  
made this disclosure to the commander of  
the army that was to oppose him, unless  
he had reason to count upon his assistance?  
I search in vain for some motive that would  
have influenced either colonel Burr or Mr.  
Dayton to write those letters. I find none  
which can be made consistent with the idea  
of innocence in their correspondent. I  
have heard of such stratagems, in order to  
render officers suspected by their comman-  
ders: but in those cases it was always con-  
trived that the paper should fall into the  
hands of the person whose suspicions it was  
intended to excite. Here, the letters were  
sent by a confidential messenger directly  
to the person to whom they were ad-  
dressed. They were written, too, some  
time previous to that fixed for the com-  
mencement of the expedition. This discloses  
the time and place of rendezvous, the or-  
der of march, and the number of the forces;  
so that, unless they were assured of the ge-  
neral's co-operation, they put it completely  
in his power to destroy their scheme and  
ruin its authors. The idea of this being a  
conspiracy to implicate Wilkinson is there-  
fore absurd.

Let us apply, however, our third and  
surest test. How was this proposition re-  
ceived? when was it disclosed? and has  
that disclosure been fully made, without any  
concealment or prevarication? It was

received, he tells us, with the caution ne-  
cessary to procure from the messenger a  
development of the plan. [See the general's  
deposition, note 81.] But, after obtaining  
this development, he writes to col. Burr a  
letter, which he dispatched, but afterwards  
recalled. This is an important feature in  
the transaction, and I therefore submit the  
evidence on which I assert it. In the report  
of Burr's trial communicated to congress,  
page 209, there is the following passage—  
"Mr. Wickham (to general Wilkinson.)  
"I think you said that you wrote to colonel  
Burr from Natchitoches." Gen. Wilkin-  
son, "You guess well; but if I am not  
mistaken, you got that information from  
Swartwout." Q. Did you write? A. I did.  
Q. What did you with the letter? A. De-  
stroyed it. Q. Did it get out of your hands?  
A. It did; it was sent to Natchitoches, to which  
place I followed, recovered, and destroyed it.  
I will give you my reasons for so doing.—  
After writing, I received a letter from Mr.  
Donaldson, dated 30th of October, and  
conveying the information received from  
Mr. Myers Michael, which removed my  
doubts as to the extent of Mr. Burr's designs  
and their sinister nature. Mr. Wickham,  
then I understand you to say that Mr. Don-  
aldson gave the first correct information.  
A. It excited very strong apprehensions in  
my mind, that some general and deep-rooted  
conspiracy had taken place above.—  
This evidence is important, not only as it  
shows a continued correspondence with  
Burr, even after the general acknowledges  
that he had obtained a knowledge of his  
plans from the cyphered letter, and from  
Mr. Swartwout, but for a reason as impor-  
tant to the general, because it convicts him  
of direct perjury; in his affidavit, (No. 81)  
he directly asserts that Mr. Swartwout in-  
formed him he was to meet Burr the 20th  
of November, and requested him (W) to  
write him, which (says the general) I de-  
clined.

What were the contents of this letter to  
Col. Burr, or by whom it was sent, we  
know not; but it is enough to convict them  
that he carried on a correspondence after he  
had full conviction of his guilt; that he de-  
stroyed it after he had determined to turn  
states evidence; and that he has tried, by  
perjury, to conceal it. This letter is a  
strong proof, too, that the interval between  
the 8th, when he received the communica-  
tion from Burr, and the 21st, when he dis-  
patched lieutenant Smith, was spent in de-  
liberating whether it would be most advan-  
tageous to betray his country or his accom-  
plices. We shall presently see what induc-  
ements turned the scale in favor of duty.

He says, indeed, that he disclosed the  
plan to Colonel Cushing. I have no doubt  
of the fact; but what does this prove? He  
enjoined secrecy,\* and he prevented his  
acting or making any discovery, until the  
general himself was determined. If that  
determination had been one of adhering to  
his treason with Burr, Col. C's knowledge  
of it could have been of no consequence, the  
mask must have been taken off, and all the  
world would have known as much as Colo-  
nel Cushing. Whereas, if he should find  
his associate's affairs desperate, and deter-  
mine to betray him, then Col. Cushing's  
testimony would, he thought, be useful, in  
order to prove that he had made the com-  
munication in time. It is observable, too,  
that the general declares in his deposition,  
(Note No. 81) that the moment he decyph-  
ered the letter, he put it into the hands of  
major Cushing, and that, by the general's ex-  
amination before the court, as well as by  
col. Cushing's deposition, it appears that  
the letter was not fully decyphered at Natchi-  
toches and that he only told him of the con-  
tents, but did not put it in his hand at all.  
The delay of a whole fortnight, between  
the receipt of Mr. Burr's letter and Gen-  
eral Wilkinson's first communication to the  
President, is a material circumstance in this  
enquiry. Burr had written that he was to  
rendezvous at the falls of the Ohio, on the  
first of November, with a large force. Mr.  
Swartwout informs him that this force was  
to be employed in seizing on New-Orleans  
as soon as it could descend. General Wil-  
kinson receives this intelligence on the 8th  
of October, time enough to have put the  
governors of the states and territories on  
their guard, to have collected a force suffi-  
cient to disperse the rebels, or at least to  
impede their descent. Yet this immaculate  
savior of his country eases his conscience  
by a secret confession to Col. Cushing, and  
gives no kind of notice either to the gov-  
ernors of the states or territories, or to the  
president of the United States, until the  
21st. Why this delay? plainly, to see  
whether Burr could execute his promise of  
collecting a force; plainly to deliberate whe-  
ther he should betray his associate or coun-  
try. Not indeed to determine which was

\* See col. Cushing's deposition, page 223,  
President's message.

the safest course, that he might have time  
to weigh accurately the legal profits of a re-  
turn to duty, against the illicit gains of trea-  
son. He did weigh these, but neither hon-  
or, nor integrity, nor duty—nor any man-  
ly virtue of the soul, at all contributed to  
form his determination. The balance was  
nearly suspended until dastardly fear fell in,  
and made his treason kick the beam. Mr.  
Burr's movement about this time became  
extremely suspicious. Wilkinson knew that  
he was watched; he knew that the western  
states did not favor his views: he found that  
Burr overrated the strength of the eastern  
detachments; and therefore he thought it  
most prudent not to join him immediately  
with the western. Still, however, he had  
a hankering after the treason and he acted  
in such a manner as to enable him to return  
to it, if Burr should succeed in obtaining an  
efficient force: for he does not even on the  
21st of October, send to the president a copy  
of the cyphered letter. Why did he with-  
hold this? I have always thought that it  
was done to prevent his committing himself  
too much with Burr, whom circumstances  
might induce him afterwards to join; while  
the partial disclosure he had made would  
always be an evidence of his patriotism, if  
as was then most probable, the enterprise  
should fail. I have never seen this letter of  
the 21st, but it was produced on the trial of  
Burr, and the following is an extract from  
it, contained in a question, put by Mr.  
Wickham to gen. W. [page 204 of the pre-  
sident's message before quoted]—"You  
say in your letter to the president, 'that  
you were not only uninformed of the prime  
mover and ultimate objects of the daring en-  
terprize, but you are ignorant of the founda-  
tion on which it rests, of the means by  
which it is to be supported, and whether any  
immediate or collateral protection, internal  
or external, is expected.'"

Now, is it possible rationally to account  
for this communication otherwise than by  
supposing that so much was intended to be  
told, as would secure to himself the credit  
of an informer, and that every thing was  
concealed that would materially injure his  
accomplice? A fortnight had intervened  
between the writing of this letter and the re-  
ceipt of Burr's letter accompanied by the  
explanation of Swartwout; a fortnight had  
elapsed since he had told Mr. Cushing—  
"Yes, my friend a great number of indi-  
viduals, possessing wealth, popularity and  
talents, are at this moment associated, for  
purposes inimical to the government of  
the United States. Colonel Burr is at  
their head." I have discovered that the  
object is treasonable," &c. Yet he tells the  
president that he cannot discover either the  
prime mover, or the ultimate objects of  
their daring enterprize; that he is ignorant  
of the means by which it is to be supported,  
or whether any protection is expected from  
without or within. My distance from the  
records prevents my procuring a copy of this  
letter at large, but this extract the only part  
of it I have seen, is an incontrovertible proof  
that his communication meant no more than  
to secure the pardon granted to an informer  
in case the enterprise did not succeed, but  
not to place any impediment in the way of  
Burr's expedition. Why else did he pre-  
tend ignorance of the prime mover of the  
internal and external resources, or of the  
objects of the enterprize, all which had  
been fully detailed both by the cypher letter  
and by Mr. Swartwout. Why did he not  
send a copy of that letter? Why was a pa-  
per, containing intelligence on which the  
union depended, forwarded by only one  
conveyance? Why was it thirty five days in  
reaching its destination, at the most favor-  
able season of the year, when the usual  
course of the post from New Orleans, which  
is about the same distance, is only twenty-  
one days? Why was no notice given to any  
of the governors of the states and territories  
through which Burr must necessarily pass?  
And why was no other communication  
made to the president until three week after-  
wards (12th November)? Why was not a  
copy of Burr's letter sent even then? And  
why was this last dispatch confided to an  
old gentleman, who as it might have been  
forseen, was two months on his journey?  
On an affair of this importance, surely the  
general might have been justified in adding  
the expense of a half a dozen expressess to  
the millions squandered in his military  
movements and other preparations.

At length on the 14th day of December,  
more than two months after the letter in cy-  
pher had been received, a copy was for the  
first time sent on to the president. Then it  
was reduced to a certainty that Burr must  
fail. He had collected no force, the country  
was alarmed, the western states and territo-  
ries evinced their attachment to the union.  
Burr, instead of opposing the military force  
of his country, was exercising his ingenuity  
in escaping the researches of the public pro-  
secutors. Before this period every measure  
of the commander in chief was calculated

to insure Burr's success, if he had  
down in force, and to have executed the  
plan of sham defence which was devised  
him by Bollman. He alarmed us with  
reports of the expected invasion from  
above, and yet he drew down all his force  
from the upper country, which is strongly  
nature and where the most effectual op-  
tion could have been made, to concentrate  
it in a town, situated in a plain and under  
the centre of that town, so situated, that it  
is impossible to fire a single gun with-  
out destroying a house. And he endeavor-  
more to weaken the upper country, by ac-  
quisition of all the militia to be sent to  
at N. Orleans. The firmness of Mr. Claiborne  
defeated him in this part of the project.  
governor Claiborne, with more politeness  
invested him with full power over the whole  
effective force of the territory, which he  
employed in the degrading drudgery of his  
illegal arrests. Burr, he said, would de-  
scend with two or three gun boats. Wil-  
kinson had four, and least Burr should have  
too much trouble in taking them, they were  
distributed at the distance of several leagues  
from each other up the rivers. But the mis-  
ter stroke still remained. He had been  
from Swartwout, as he tells us, that threat-  
tent was to provide funds by the plunder of  
New Orleans, and transports, by the seizure  
of the shipping; he therefore persuaded  
Claiborne to agree to an embargo, and he  
any of the ships so necessary to this expedi-  
tion, should sail, and carry away the money  
or merchandize which was to support it, a  
vessel of any description was suffered to  
depart. Here then every thing was pre-  
pared, if Burr could realize the hopes he so  
strongly expressed. If he could have de-  
scended with a competent force, he would  
have found not the least impediment to his  
progress. The upper country was deserted.  
Fort Adams dismantled, the gun-boats sta-  
tioned as to have been successively taken  
en, and the fortifications at New Orleans  
calculated only to awe the town, in case  
citizens should have been inclined to resist  
the invader. He would have found all the  
stores filled with merchandize, the moun-  
tains untouched in the vaults of the bank, and  
fine fleet of merchantmen waiting to convey  
him to his final destination. Wilkinson  
could soon have convinced him that all these  
dispositions were the effect of his fidelity to  
his engagements, and might have found  
much better excuses for the partial disclo-  
sure made to government, than he can now  
give to his country for these worse than  
equivocal arrangements. But Burr did not  
come down at the head of a military force;  
he became a wanderer, almost an outlaw,  
and a convict; and his worthy associate  
fearful of the same fate, became a patroller,  
a faithful citizen, an honorable soldier.—  
Great God, what a profanation of the most  
sacred names! We must hereafter invent  
some new terms to express our admiration  
of public worth—these have been indelibly  
disgraced by their application. At this pe-  
riod, then, the copy of this letter was for  
the first time sent on to the seat of govern-  
ment. A copy did I say? No; it was not  
yet time—the general's patriotism had not  
yet attained so strong a growth, as to bear  
the shock it would receive from a full dis-  
closure of the contents of that letter. He  
accordingly cut it and scraped it, and dis-  
torted it, to his and his counselors fancy, and  
by suppressing a sentence here, altering a  
word there, and inserting one wherever he  
found it necessary, he thought it at last fit-  
ted to his purpose. He then copied it faithfully,  
and swore by the honor of a SOLDIER,  
and the HOLY EVANGELISTS OF ALMIGHTY  
God, that it "substantially was as fair an  
interpretation" as he had been able to make.  
Is this true?—Do you not slander him?  
Can this monstrous accusation be supported  
by proof?—If known to you, why did you  
not sooner disclose it to the government?  
Why have you suffered the President to  
disgrace himself and the nation, to dishonor  
the army, and endanger the safety of the  
people, by continuing in command a man  
capable of this conduct.

Alas! it is not to me alone that the con-  
fidence was made of the commission of this  
crime: it was stated to the government, it  
was recorded in the tribunals, it was pro-  
claimed to the world! The evidence is not  
that of witnesses who might be prejudiced,  
of writings which might be forged, but it  
is contained in the open, unequivocal, un-  
blushing confession of the party, and the tes-  
timony of the gentleman who advised the  
act. (See notes No. 82 and 83.)—The  
words printed in italics in the letter are those  
which were omitted by Wilkinson in the  
copies which he twice (once on the 14th Jan-  
uary, before Mr. Carrick, and afterwards on  
the 26th same month, before Mr. Polk) delib-  
erately swore were substantially  
as true interpretations as he could make.  
The copy I have inserted above is taken  
from that laid before congress by the force

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...have been made, to...  
...situated in a plain and...  
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man of the grand jury, who decyphered it. By comparing it with the one sworn to by Wilkinson, in his affidavit, (Note No. 81.) another material variation will be seen.— In the beginning of the letter he says—"I have obtained funds and have actually commenced. The eastern detachments, from different points, will rendezvous on Ohio." This mention of the eastern detachments would naturally lead to an enquiry, where the western detachments were; it was therefore necessary to employ the scraper and the pen as well as the blotter; this was ingeniously done; the word eastern was changed into expedition; the place of the period, was changed, and the sentence was made to read—"I have actually commenced the expedition. Detachments from different points will rendezvous on Ohio," &c.

But it was not my object to convict Wilkinson of either perjury or forgery. It was to show that his manner of making a disclosure of this letter, when at last he resolved to do it, was such as evinced a consciousness of guilt; and the perjury, and the forgery, and the prevarication, are only the means which he employed to effect concealment.

FROM THE BOSTON CENTINEL.

### THE FRENCH ARMIES.

THE French armies have become the wonder and admiration of the civilized world. Their discipline is acknowledged by all their enemies; and the organization is perhaps at the summit of perfection. To the mere reader of the history of passing events as well as to the military man, some minutes of the component parts of this astonishing machine must be interesting.— We have been favored with the official ARMY LIST of the French empire, for 1809; from which we have collected the particulars which follow:

The general staff of the army, consists of  
Three lieutenants of the emperor,  
Twelve marshals of the empire.  
Four senators have the title of marshals of the empire.  
Eight colonels-generals,  
One hundred fifty-seven generals of division.

Two hundred eighty-six generals of brigade.  
The lieutenants of the emperor, are the kings of Spain (Joseph) and Naples, (Joachim) and the viceroy of Italy (Eugene) all named Napoleon; who command the French armies in their several dominions.  
(The prince of Neuchâtel (Berthier) vice constable of France, holds the temporary rank of "major general of the grand army," and is the emperor's lieutenant with that army.

The marshals of the empire, are I. M. the duke of Conegliano, (Mouley) inspector general of the gendarmerie. 2. Duke of Rivoli, (Massena). 3. Duke of Castiglione, (Augereau). 4. M. the prince of Pontecorvo, (Bernadotte). 5. Duke of Dalmatia, (Scut.) commander of the 2d corps of the army of Spain. 6. M. Brune. 7. Duke of Montebello, (Lasnes.) Colonel general of Swiss commandant superior of the 3d and 5th corps of the army of Spain, (lead.) 8. Duke of Treviso (Mortier) commandant of the 5th corps of the army of Spain. 9. Duke of Elchingen, (Ney) commandant of the 6th corps of the army of Spain. 10. Duke of Auerstadt, (Davoust). 11. Duke of Istria, (Bessieres) commandant of the imperial guard, and the reserve of cavalry of the army of Spain, since with the grand army. 12. Duke of Belune, (Victor) commandant of the 1st corps of the army of Spain.

NOTE.  
It is stated in the 28th bulletin, that three new marshals of the empire had been created in July last, viz. I. M. count Oudinot. 2. Duke of Ragusa, (Marmont.) 3. M. MacDonald.

N. B. The marshals of the empire, excepting marshal MacDonald, are all grand officers decorated with the grand cordon of the legion of honor. Marshal MacDonald, unless advanced on his promotion, was only a grand officer of that legion. While on this N. B. we shall mention, that there are five grades of titles in the legion of honor, viz. 1. Grand officers decorated with the grand cordon. 2. Grand officers. 3. Commanders. 4. Officers. 5. Knights (Chevaliers.) The four senators having the titles of marshals of the empire, are,  
1. The duke of Valmy (Kellerman). 2. Duke of Dantzic (Lefebvre). 3. Count Perignon, governor of Naples; and 4. Count Serurier, governor of the Invalids Hospitals.  
The Inspectors and the Colonels General are—  
1. M. count Gantreume, inspector-general of the coast of the ocean. 2. Count

Decres, minister of marine, inspector-general of the Mediterranean coast. 3. M. Songis, inspector-general of artillery. 4. Count Dejean, minister of war, inspector-general of fortifications. 1. Count Gouvion St. Cyr, colonel general of cuirassiers. 2. Count Baraguey D'Hilliers, colonel general of dragons. 3. Duke of Abrantes (Junot) colonel general of hussars. 4. Duke of Ragusa (Marmont) colonel general of horse chasseurs.

NOTE.  
The 28th Bulletin also mentions, that the places of colonel General of Swiss, (vacant by the death of Marshal Lasnes) and the colonel General of Chasseurs, are vacant.

The imperial gendarmerie (police militia soldiers) consists of 713 officers, and 17,931 men. They are divided into 29 departmental legions, 58 squadrons, 123 companies, 333 lieutenancies, and 2,795 brigades, viz. 1,365 of horse and 930 of foot, of 6 men each, with a few exceptions. The duke of Conegliano (Angereau) is first inspector-general of this force.

The imperial artillery consists of eight regiments of foot artillery, 6 regiments of horse artillery, 2 battalions of pontonniers, 16 companies of artificers, 4 companies of armourers, 26 battalions of battering artillery, 111 companies of coast cannoniers, 28 companies of cannoniers—sedentaires, and 18 companies of veteran cannoniers.

The general of division Songis, grand officer of the empire is the first inspector-general of this force. The following are generals of division of artillery: baron d'Eble, Lacombe St. Michel, count Soshier, count Androssy, Dulauloy, count Lav de Lauriston, Gassendi, baron de Seroux, count de Lari-boisiere, baron de Careil, baron Hanicque, St. Laurent, Perneti, and baron de Senarmont.

The infantry is composed of 90 regiments of infantry of the line, and 27 regiments of light infantry.—The regiments are numbered, but we find some vacancies in the series, so that the last regiment of the line is No. 120; the last of the light infantry No. 32.

The cavalry is composed of 78 regiments viz. two of carabiniers, 12 of cuirassiers, 30 of dragons, 24 of chasseurs and 10 of hussars.

The corps of veterans is composed of ten demi-brigades.

In the preceding article, the household troops of the emperor, or the imperial guards are not included. This establishment is composed of a general staff, of a general administration, of a corps of foot grenadiers, of a corps of foot chasseurs, of a regiment of fusiliers, attached to the foot chasseurs, of a second regiment of fusiliers attached to the foot grenadiers, of a corps of horse grenadiers, and a squadron of Velites\* of a corps of dragons, and a squadron of velites, of a corps of light artillery, park and artificers, and a squadron of velites, of a corps of Polish light horse, of a corps of light artillery, park and artificers, and a squadron of velites, of a light legion of select gendarmerie of two battalions of seamen, of a company of Mamelukes attached to the horse chasseurs, and of a company of veterans attached to the foot grenadiers. These are all chosen troops.

NOTE.  
\* A species of light troops, which, we are told, mount behind the dragons, &c. and when arrived at the scene of action, dismount and form by themselves.

The general staff of the household troops is composed of the following:

The dukes of Auerstadt, who commands the foot grenadiers, of Dalmatia, who commands the foot chasseurs, of Istria, who commands the cavalry, and of Treviso, who commands the artillery and seamen.

The aids-de-camps of the emperor, are the counts Lemarois, Law de Lauriston, Caffarelli and Rapp; the duke of Rovigo, all generals of division, count Le Bunn, general of brigade; counts Bertrand and Mouton, generals of division; M. Gardonne, general of brigade, and count Reille, general of division.

### NOTICE.

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of trust from Edward Gantt of Fairfax county to him dated 13th of October 1807; will sell at public auction for Cash, at the subscribers tavern, Fairfax County, Va. on the 21st Oct. 1809.

Three likely young Negro Men, decided to the subscriber in trust by the aforesaid Edward Gantt, for the payment of a debt due from the said Edward Gantt to Henry Gantt of Jefferson County, Va.

James Wiley.

September.—Staw2w.

PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.

### Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12.

#### AMERICAN TRADE AT LEGHORN.

Extract of a letter—dated

"LEGHORN, July 28.

"The astonishing success which has attended the arms of the emperor Napoleon in Germany cannot fail of producing consequences on the political situation of this continent which will be felt even in your distant and hitherto happy country: I candidly confess to you, however, that unless it brings about a general pacification, I see but little hope of relaxed measures with respect to the American trade on the part of the French government; for while its object is the humiliation of its enemy, which can perhaps only be effected by closing up every avenue of communication with the continent, however circuitous, it is probable that the prohibitory system will not only be persisted in, but even be enforced with more rigor than ever.

"From the moment that Tuscany was annexed to France our foreign commerce has been subjected to the same regulations with the other ports of the empire. The only advantage which remains to us is the freedom of our ports which has been preserved and will in all probability operate in favor of the place should business revive again.

Among the strong political measures which have characterized the present war, the non-importation of colonial articles is the most prominent, and it is a point which according to appearances will be obstinately maintained. The king of Naples has made some partial exceptions in favor of the Americans lately arrived there; this and their conditional admission into Holland, have excited general dissatisfaction, since it appears hard that the benefits of neutral trade, if at all allowed, should be equally enjoyed throughout the empire. The disadvantages attending such partial toleration has been represented to government in so striking a point of view that their cannot be a doubt but that these dispositions will be immediately countermanded."

Extract of a Letter from Capt. T. D. Kennedy, supercargo of the brig Eliza to his owner in this city, dated Fiume, July 16.

"I arrived here after a passage of 42 days from Madeira, whence I sailed on the 28th May, bound to Trieste, but in the gulph of Venice was informed Trieste was in possession of the French, in consequence I put into this port (being about 15 leagues from Trieste) for information. In consequence of the French having possession of Trieste, many of its inhabitants have fled for safety to Fiume; and although this place never was considered of much consequence in a commercial sense, yet there is reason now to suppose, from the circumstance of a great many commercial characters having come hither, that it will in a short time, become of some importance in point of trade.

"With respect to markets they are very bad and as it relates to sugar and coffee neither of which articles I might add, would sell; for they are a perfect junk here; but logwood and cotton are in demand, and in fact they are the only articles will sell to any advantage. The schooner Camelion, of Philadelphia, is here, loaded with sugar and coffee, besides a three masted schooner the Transit, belonging to the same place. Mr. Rigging the American consul is here."

### NOTICE.

Pursuant to a deed of trust from Jonathan Mandeville, deceased, to the subscriber, will be sold, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 29th of this instant month, October—

The Lot and House, wherein the said Jonathan Mandeville lately lived, lying on King street, and bounded as follows, to wit:—Beginning upon King-street, sixty feet to the eastward of Alfred-street, and running thence eastwardly with King-street, and binding therewith forty three feet five inches; thence northwardly with a line parallel to Alfred street, one hundred feet to a fifteen feet alley; thence with the said alley and parallel to King street, forty three feet five inches; thence with a straight line to the beginning.

A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to the purchaser, on giving his notes, in three equal instalments, with an approved endorser, for the payment of the purchase money, the notes to carry interest from the date. A lien on the property will be required as farther security.

The sale to commence at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Ludwell Lee.

October 12.

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### NOTICE.

On SATURDAY next, the 14th instant, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, on the premises, will be leased to the highest bidder, for a term not exceeding two years,

The Stone Warehouse, on Potomac stream, lately occupied by R. T. Hove and Co. together with certain privileges of the Wharf.

By order of Council,

Robert Anderson,  
Alex. M'Kenzie,  
Thomas Lawrafon,

October 12.

### FORTY DOLLARS

If apprehended in the state of Virginia; Sixty if in Maryland; One Hundred if in the state of Pennsylvania, and secured in any jail so that we get them again—

Negroes Bob and Jim.

BOB is a likely well made fellow, about 20 or 21 years of age, rather of a tawny complexion, has a number of natural bumps on his face, large white eyes, which when spoken to are apt to shew plain, is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high—his clothing when he eloped was an oxbow shirt and trousers, dark colored round jacket, and an old lead colored hat—is an artful cunning fellow.

JIM, about 23 years of age, black complexion, thin visage, has on one of his knees a large scar, occasioned by the cut of an axe when young, a down look when spoken to, and large white eyes—his clothing not known—is about five feet seven or eight inches high.

We will give for apprehending either of the above negroes, twenty dollars if taken in Virginia, thirty if taken in Maryland, and fifty if in Pennsylvania, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

Henry Dogan,

Phileman Chapman.

Prince William County, near Haymarket, Va. Oct. 12. 2awgw  
N. B. Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring or carrying them off at their peril.

A person going through the Southern and Western parts of Virginia, would transact the business of an agent. Apply to the Printer immediately.

October 11.

Fishing-Shore to Rent.

I will rent my FISHING-SHORE for one or more years.

George Wise.

Arlington, Oct. 11. 3\*  
All persons are hereby forewarned from shooting or trespassing in any way on my farm. G. W.

### ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, Sept. Term, 1809.

ORDERED,  
That the Executor of Charles Wadsworth, deceased, do insert the following advertise, ment three times a week for six weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE, Reg.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of CHARLES WADSWORTH late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of March next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, 1809.

James Patton, Ex'r.

September 6. e66w

### ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, October Term, 1809.

ORDERED,  
That the administrator of Jonathan Mandeville, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE Reg.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,  
That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans' court, of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jonathan Mandeville, late of the county aforesaid, merchant, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of April next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 6th day of October, 1809.

John Mandeville, Adm'r.

October 6. Staw4w



## TO PARENTS.

The annexed cases of cures performed by  
**HAMILTON'S  
CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING  
LOZENGES.**  
(Selected from a very numerous list.)

ARE presented as indubitable proof of the  
excellence and safety of this valuable specific,  
for destroying worms in the human stomach  
and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Bal-  
timore street, two doors above south Gay-  
street.

I have a son six years of age, who for four  
years past, has been generally in a very un-  
healthy state, particularly in summer; fre-  
quently afflicted with alarming convulsion  
fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast,  
his breath foetid, and almost constant itching  
at the nose was excited, with other alarming  
symptoms. During the course of the above  
period, the advice and attendance of three of  
the most eminent physicians in Baltimore  
were successively procured. Each of these  
gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be  
the cause of the child's disorder, and exhaust-  
ed his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink  
root, steel filings, with a variety of other me-  
dicines, were administered without the least  
success. It was once pronounced impossible  
for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lo-  
zenges, but with many others did not think  
highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentle-  
man of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore,  
auctioneer) in whose family they had been  
used with good effect, advised me to make  
trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a  
dose agreeable to directions, which soon ex-  
pelled eight large worms, some of them a-  
bout eight inches in length; a second dose  
brought away four more of similar size; a  
third dose being administered, no worms ap-  
peared. The child recovered and now enjoys  
a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

### AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 47, Walkes  
street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore  
voluntarily maketh oath that the following  
statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three  
children, a boy of seven, and two girls the one  
five, and the other three years of age were  
taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a  
common fever, as I then supposed; but was  
soon convinced the disorder was caused by  
worms. They were frequently troubled with  
convulsion fits, and violent startings in their  
sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and  
purging, particularly the youngest. I made  
immediate application to a physician of the  
first reputation, and his medicines were ad-  
ministered with a confidence of success, which  
only increased our disappointment. The  
children grew daily worse, and I was absolute-  
ly without hopes of their recovery. The  
youngest soon appeared almost devoid of ani-  
mation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this  
world. In this distressing moment I was told  
that Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges  
had performed many cures in cases equally  
desperate. I immediately purchased a box,  
and gave each of them a dose, which in a few  
hours produced the most desirable effects.—  
The eldest voided a great number of very  
large worms, and the second thousands of  
small ones, many of them not a quarter of an  
inch.—In the youngest they seemed to be con-  
sumed, and had the appearance of skin and  
slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable  
to the paper of directions, and they all speed-  
ily recovered a good state of health, which  
they still enjoy, though 5 months have near-  
ly elapsed, since they were on the borders of  
the grave, and the death of the whole seemed  
to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, this 26th day of Septem-  
ber, 1799.

Philadelphia, August 5, 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring I was afflicted with  
loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever,  
and great debility, so that I could scarcely  
walk. In this distressing situation I took  
many things, but without benefit. An ac-  
quaintance in the country sent me to pro-  
cure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosi-  
ty prompted me to read the directions, where  
I found my complaint exactly described by  
the doctor. I immediately sent for another  
box of the Lozenges, and took one dose,  
which brought away a large quantity of  
worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encour-  
aged by this, I took another dose, which  
was attended with the happiest effects, as it  
relieved me entirely, and am now in a better  
state of health than for a considerable time  
past. I have since given them to my chil-  
dren, and can speak from experience, that  
they are a most valuable medicine, and am  
happy to add my testimony to numberless  
others of their efficacy.

SARAH JOHNSON,  
No. 140, north Second Street.

Among the symptoms attending Worms are,  
disagreeable breath, especially in the morn-  
ing—bad and corrupted gums—itching in

the nose, and about the seat—convulsions  
epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of  
speech—irregular appetite, sometimes loath-  
ing food and sometimes voracious—purging  
with slimy and foetid stools—vomiting—large  
and hard belly—pains and sickness at the sto-  
mach—pains in the head and thighs, with  
lowness of spirits—slow fever, with small  
and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive  
thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy coun-  
tenance, and sometimes the face bloated and  
flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above  
symptoms, should have immediate recourse  
to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges,  
which have been constantly attended with  
success in all complaints similar to those above  
described.

### Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head ache, foul stomach, and  
for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no  
remedy has been discovered superior to  
LEE'S HAHN'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,  
Which for 10 years past have been attend-  
ed with the greatest success. The testimony  
of many respectable persons in our southern  
sea ports has been adduced who have reason  
to believe that a timely use of this salutary  
remedy during the prevalence of malignant  
fevers, has preserved their health after ex-  
periencing alarming symptoms of fever.

### Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years I have been in  
the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills,  
prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever  
colds, head ache, or costiveness have rendered  
medicine necessary; in these cases a sin-  
gle dose has uniformly removed my head  
ache, and has generally been found sufficient  
to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken  
on its first appearance. Induced by the be-  
nefit I have received, I have for years past  
recommended them to many of my friends,  
and I have the pleasure to inform you, they  
have invariably succeeded in removing the  
above complaints.

Yours,

WM. DEVENNY,

### ITCH CURED.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, a  
certain cure by once using; Hamilton's Lo-  
zenges; Hamilton's Elixir, for Coughs; the  
celebrated Antibilious Pills; Hamilton's Es-  
sence of Mustard, for the Rheumatism;  
Tooth-Ache Drops; Hamilton's Grand Re-  
storative for Debility.

TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations  
of the above medicines are for sale in this  
town—therefore please to apply only to Jas.  
Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alex-  
andria, who has long been sole agent for the sale of  
the genuine preparations. As a further secu-  
rity against imposition, each genuine article  
has on its outside wrapper, the signature of  
Hannah Lee,

Widow of the late Proprietor.

July 31.

### PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit  
court of the district of Columbia, held at Alex-  
andria, the subscribers will expose to public  
sale at the coffee-house on the 14th day of  
next month, on a credit of sixty and ninety  
days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 151 18  
per annum,

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground  
situated at the intersection of Wolfe and U-  
nion-streets, and extending southwardly along  
the west side of Union street one hundred and  
fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south  
side of Wolfe street sixty two feet six inches.  
The payment of this rent is secured by valu-  
able permanent improvements on the lot.

And if from the sale of the above rent  
charge the sum required by the decree of the  
court cannot be raised—the subscribers  
will then proceed to sell, at the same place,  
and on the same credit—

One undivided seventh part of the reversion  
in fee,

Expectant on the death of Jane Roberde, an  
widow of Daniel Roberdeau, deceased, in the  
following Lots, that is to say, one Lot on  
the east side of Water street between Wolfe  
and Wilke's streets, in front on Water-  
street 51 feet 3 inches, in depth 123 feet,  
and bounded on the north by an alley 4  
feet wide.—On this lot is erected a handsome  
and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house,  
with the usual out-houses.—And two other  
lots adjoining each other on the west side of  
Union-st. between Wolfe and Wilke-streets,  
in front on Union-street forty one feet, in  
depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.

Cuthbert Powell.

September 8.

d30r

### TO RENT,

A three story Brick Dwelling House, at  
the corner of Washington and Prince streets,  
at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Jacob.—  
Possession will be given on the first of No-  
vember next. For terms apply to Mr. P.  
Triplett.

Edmund Denney.

October 12.

eo

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,  
ALEXANDRIA.

Has received a considerable ad-  
dition to his Stock,

AND OFFERS FOR SALE,  
20 hogsheads, 1st and 2d quality  
20 barrels Muscovado Sugars.  
7000 lb. Green Coffee  
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assorted  
BB t No. 9.  
10 bales Cotton.  
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.  
40 boxes Mould Candles.  
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.  
50 lb. Nutmegs.  
casks London refined Saltpetre.  
5 ditto Irish Glue.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy-  
son, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchong Teas,  
in quarter chests, boxes and canisters—most  
of which are equal in quality to any ever im-  
ported.

Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Ten-  
eriffe, and Malaga Wines.

A few cases Medoc Claret.  
Jamaica, Windward-Island, and North-  
Rum.

Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.

Holland and Country Gin.

Irish and Country Whiskey.

Six hogsheads Cherry Brandy.

Retailing Molasses, Havana Honey.

Wine and Cider Vinegar.

Best Florence Oil in bottles and flasks.

Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice

Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch

Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pi-  
mento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne

Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds,

Curants, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll

Brimstone, Chalk, Brinsh and Brandywine

Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and

Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's

Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and

Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Bed Cord

and Ring Lines, &c. &c.

October 18.

Coppersmith & Tin-Plate-Worker.

THE subscriber continues to make and  
repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN  
WARE, and also carries on the BRASS-  
FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direc-  
tion of William Fletcher, and will execute  
any work in that line.

FOR SALE,  
15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bo-  
hemian Window Glass, of a good quality.

TO LET,

The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by  
myself, which is made to accommodate one  
or two families—I will give a lease on mo-  
derate terms. Also, the Brick House on  
the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and  
one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools.

For Sale or to Let on a Ground Rent for  
ever,

63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street  
and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley,  
it is situated nearly opposite the diagonal  
pump in a good part of the town.

The highest price will be given for old  
Copper, Pewter, Brass and Lead.

George M'Munn.

Who has for hire a handsome light Coach  
with a careful driver.

August 30. 3m

Attention to Fortune Hunters,  
And Possession will be given immediate-  
ly—any day.

I WISH to sell, the unexpired lease of 8  
years, from the 10th day of December  
next, in the elegant and commodious HOTEL  
I now occupy in Alexandria. This establish-  
ment is justly celebrated as affording the best  
accommodations on the continent, and to a man  
of attention and abilities in the line of his pro-  
fession, cannot fail to yield a handsome for-  
tune. The proximity of this property to the  
seat of government, being but about six miles  
from the capitol, over the Potomac Bridge,  
the growing importance of Alexandria, and  
the increase of the business of the house since  
the residence of the present occupant, all  
conspire to prove, that there is not a more  
eligible situation in the United States.

Attached to the tavern is a well conducted  
coffee house, supported by a respectable sub-  
scription.

Together with an insurance office.

There are at present twenty four yearly  
boarders of the first respectability, in the hotel.  
The whole house is elegantly furnished,  
and to a person who takes the lease, the great-  
est part of the furniture will be sold on the  
most reasonable terms.

William Caton.

September 20.

I HAVE NEED IN MY FAMILY  
Of an elderly respectable Lady,  
Who can assist in the charge of housekeep-  
ing, and the care of children. To such a one  
every encouragement will be given.

APPLY TO

A. LINDO.

October 10. 2aw3w  
N. B. I wish to hire an active FEMALE  
SERVANT who can wash and iron.

September 20.

## PROPOSALS,

BY  
KIMBER AND CONRAD,  
OF PHILADELPHIA,  
AND  
JAMES KENNEDY, SENIOR,  
ALEXANDRIA,  
For publishing by Subscription,  
A GENERAL COLLECTION  
OF

## VOYAGES AND TRAVELS.

Forming a complete History of the Origin  
and Progress of Discovery, by Sea and  
Land, from the earliest ages to the present  
time. Preceded by an Historical Introduc-  
tion, and Critical Catalogue of Books,  
Voyages and Travels: And illustrated  
adorned with numerous Engravings.

BY JOHN PINKERTON,  
AUTHOR OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY, &c.

### CONDITIONS.

The work will be handsomely printed, on  
quarto, on a fine paper and with a new type,  
and will be put to press as soon as a sufficient  
number of subscribers is obtained.

It is expected the work will be completed  
in ten or twelve volumes, each containing be-  
tween eight and nine hundred pages of letter  
press, besides several elegant engravings.

A quarter of a volume, or one number, is  
proposed to be published on the first day of  
every month, at 2 dollars, payable on deliv-  
ery. To non-subscribers the price will be con-  
siderably enhanced.

A list of the names of such as patronise this  
valuable work by subscription, will be pub-  
lished in the last volume.

The English edition sells at 14 dollars  
a volume.

\*\* SUBSCRIPTIONS received by JAMES  
KENNEDY, senior, Alexandria.

### New Publications.

Just Received and for sale by James Kennedy,  
sen. King street.

Cæcils in search of a wife—very interest-  
ing 2 vols.

Faber on the Restoration of the Jews.

Reliques of Robert Burns.

Shakespeare's Poems.

Richardson's Illustrations of Shakespeare.

The works of Mrs. Ann Steele. 2 vols.

The Star in the East, by Dr. Buchanan.

Caledonian Sketches, by sir John Carr.

Mrs. Grant's memoirs of an American  
Lady.

Letters from the Mountains.

Dean's Analytical Guide to Penmanship.

Owenson's Patriotic Sketches of Ireland.

Thaddens of Warsaw.

Harriott's Struggles thro' Life.

Exiles of Siberia.

Whelpley's Compend of Universal History,

an excellent book for young persons. Re-  
commended by Dr. Smith of Princeton, and  
Dr. Abercrombie of Philadelphia.

The last edition of that much admired work

Conversations on Chemistry.

With additions on the arts of dying—tanning  
and currying.

And the 1st vol. of the Medical and Philo-  
sophical Journal and Review, now publishing  
in New York, in numbers.

ALSO,

The best Paper, Stationary and School-  
Books of the various kinds—Blank Books  
made to any pattern, with faint lines if re-  
quired, with Patent Felling and Binding.

September 19.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE and desirable FARM, in  
 Loudoun county, Virginia, within 8  
miles of Leesburg, and 2 miles from Water-  
ford, on the Fredericktown road, containing  
upwards of 300 acres, of which about one third  
is in woods; has on it a handsome two story  
stone DWELLING HOUSE, three rooms  
on a floor, a brick kitchen adjoining, with two  
looms, a stone Milk House and an excel-  
lent spring of water quite convenient, a barn  
with stables, separate stone stable and other  
out-houses. Also, a good FARM HOUSE,  
two good apple orchards and a suitable propor-  
tion of meadow.

This land is situated in a fine, fertile, heal-  
thy, well cultivated country and a good neigh-  
borhood; in which are many of the society of  
Friends, and within two miles of their meet-  
ing-house; is well watered and may be put in  
a high state of cultivation by the use of Plow-  
ter, to which it is well adapted. It lies with-  
in five miles of a landing on the Potomac Riv-  
er, from whence flour is hoisted to the mar-  
kets of George Town, Alexandria, or the ci-  
ty of Washington, for fifty cents per barrel.  
The above property will be sold on liberal  
terms—Apply to John Williams, Waterford,  
or to the subscriber in Alexandria.

Joseph Janney.

September 23.

FOR SALE,

A quantity of House Frames,

From 15 feet to 22 feet long, one story and

an half and two stories high. I have also

two very handsome two-story Brick House to

rent, in a pleasant situation. Just finished.

A. Scholfield.

9th mo. 14th.

VOL IX

Sale

On every T

At the Vendue

A Variety of L

Particulars of

the hills of the

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low prices.

P.

THE

The Q

Prince of

Written by a

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For sale by

C

August 11.

FINE

WE will be rea

ish butchers and

land, for any nu

big 100.

July 29.

FRES

The subscriber has

Malaga Ra

Mulcatel a

in boxes.

36 bags and

April 19.

TO

By the

A Negro Man,

low if taken by the

Enqui

July 29.

FOI

50 hogsheads S

150 bags COFFE

10 hogsheads A

40 bales best C

July 10.

TO

A convenient a

HOUSE, at the h

good water. A

August 30.

J

Joseph

CORNER OF KING